# **OCBC FINANCIAL WELLNESS INDEX 2021**

2 November 2021

In 2019, we launched the inaugural OCBC Financial Wellness Index to understand Singaporeans' financial wellness.

It was the first time such a comprehensive study – comprising 10 financial wellness pillars and expanded into 24 indicators to understand Singaporeans' state of financial health – was conducted.

#### The 10 pillars of financial wellness and the 24 indicators

SAVING HABITS	SPENDING BEYOND MEANS	MANAGEABLE DEBTS	PROTECTION FROM FINANCIAL EMERGENCIES	REGULAR REVIEWS	REGULAR INVESTING	RETIREMENT PLANNING	EXCESSIVE SPECULATION	BORROWING MONEY FROM LOVED ONES	GAMBLING HABIT
1. Saving regularly	2. Sticking closely to a budget 3. Being able	6. Managing unsecured debt well 7. Often	9. Having enough funds to overcome crisis 10. Being able to	<b>15</b> . Reviewing financial plans annually	17. Investing 18. Seeking professional advice and	20. Planning for retirement 21. Leading a healthy	22. Excessively speculating for quick	23. Often borrowing money from friends/ relatives	24. Gambling more than I can afford to lose
	to spend comfortably 4. Being able to meet family's financial needs 5. Spending beyond means to keep up with peers	paying the minimum sum on credit cards <b>8</b> . Being able to pay off housing loan	defray major medical expenses 11. Being able to sustain financially for 6 months if jobless 12. Having sufficient mortgage insurance 13. Ensuring dependents are financially taken care of for at least 12 months in the event of my death 14. Ensuring finances are taken care of in the event of death	<b>16</b> . Being aware of tax relief schemes	doing my own research before investing <b>19</b> . Having regular passive income	lifestyle so I can work for as long as I want	gains	reidiives	

In 2019, we found Singaporeans were good at saving, having insurance and sticking to a budget, but lagged in growing their wealth, and worried about their finances.

Women were more averse to investing than men, with a significant number saying they think investing is gambling.

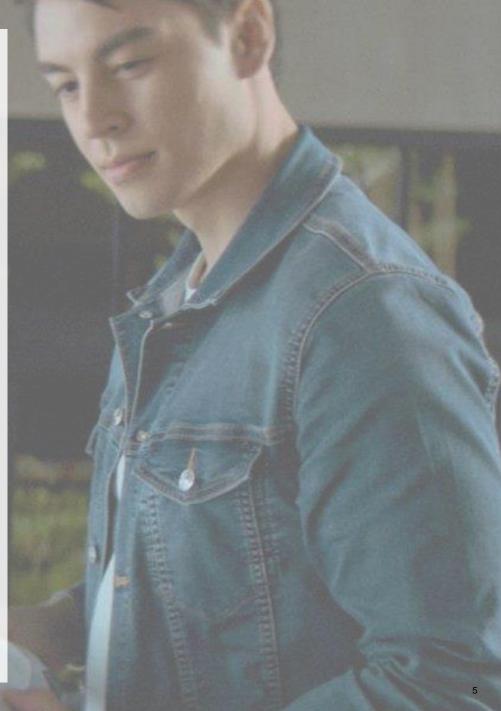




In 2020, the financial strain from the Covid-19 pandemic was reflected in the Index's 2-point decline to 61 from 2019's 63.

Singaporeans' ability to pay off loans was affected, and 3 in 4 Singaporeans were not on track to their chosen retirement lifestyles, with 78% of them underestimating the amount needed by 32%.

Less desirable financial habits, including speculating excessively, borrowing money from friends and family and spending beyond their means, increased.



### In August and September 2021, we conducted an online survey of



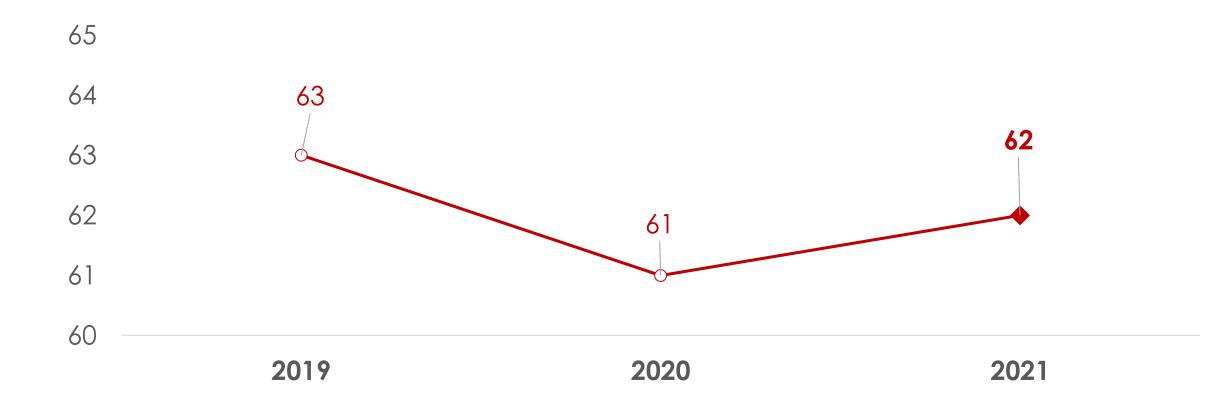
across the ages of 21 to 65 in Singapore.

## What is Singapore's Financial Wellness Index Score in 2021?



#### In 2021, the OCBC Financial Wellness Index (FWI) for Singapore is 62.



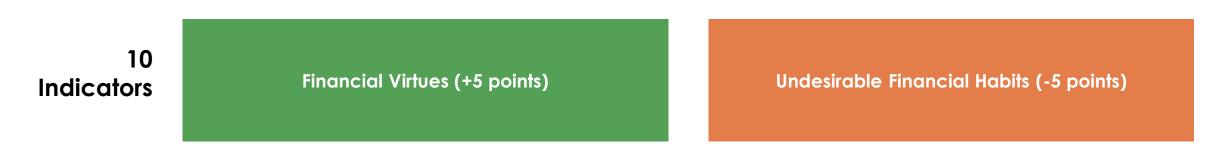


This year, we found the Covid-19 pandemic – and its resulting economic impact and uncertainties – has made Singaporeans adopt better financial habits.

Many are using digital financial tools to plan and invest, and they achieve better Index scores than those who do not.

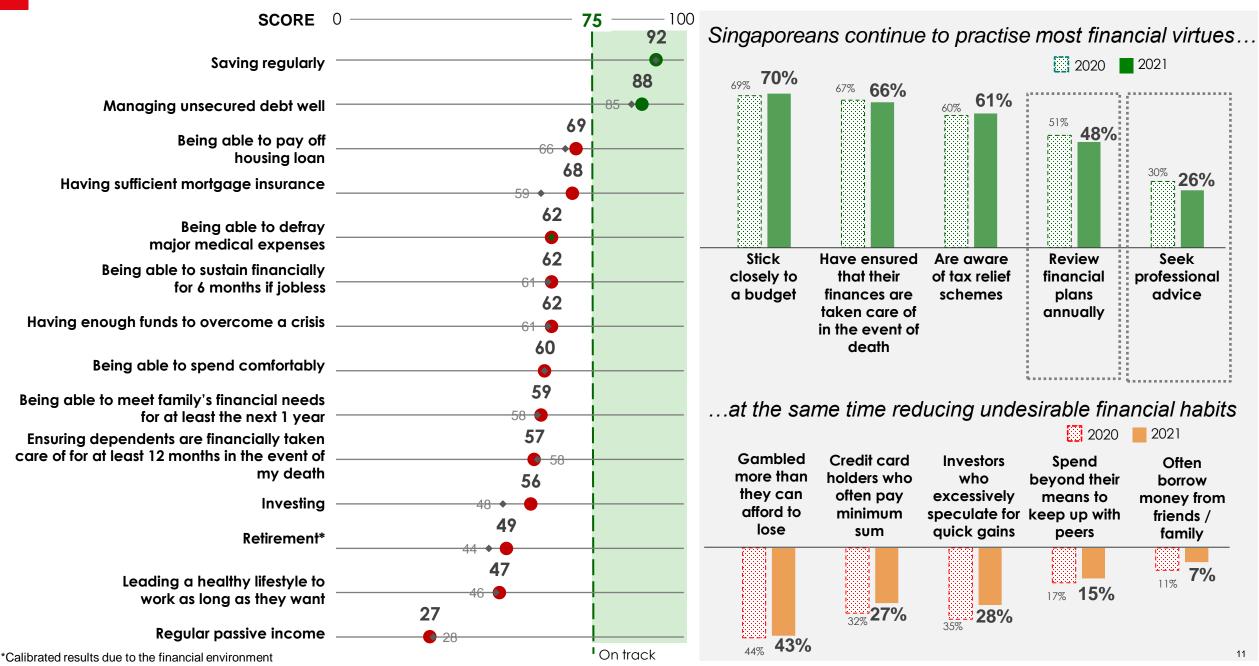
More millennials and women are investing to grow their wealth. Singaporeans are also scoring better in retirement, and more are choosing simpler lifestyles for when they retire. To have a consolidated assessment of Singaporeans' financial wellness, scores are allocated to responses accordingly





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#### OCBC Financial Wellness Index 2021 Score of 62 is derived from these 24 indicators



#### Financial Wellness Index 2021: Key Findings

Economic uncertainties from Covid-19 pandemic has made Singaporeans adopt better financial habits Singaporeans consistently saved to accumulate funds

Better management of debts and housing loans

Stronger confidence in the economy in the next 12 months

Close to half of Singaporeans use digital financial tools and achieve better Index scores than those who do not Those who used digital financial tools had a higher score than those who did not use any, but lower than those who coupled it with professional advice

Investors who use digital financial tools coupled with seeking professional advice feel more confident & knowledgeable and are more on track with their investments

3.

Younger millennials are investing a lot more than before, and in a wider range of investments Millennials in their 20s are investing in higher volatility investments such as cryptocurrencies, foreign stocks and ETFs

Millennials in their 20s are not seeking professional financial advice, resulting in less of them achieving their investment target

#### Financial Wellness Index 2021: Key Findings

4.

More women are growing wealth for their own sake

More women are investing and more are prioritising their own financial needs

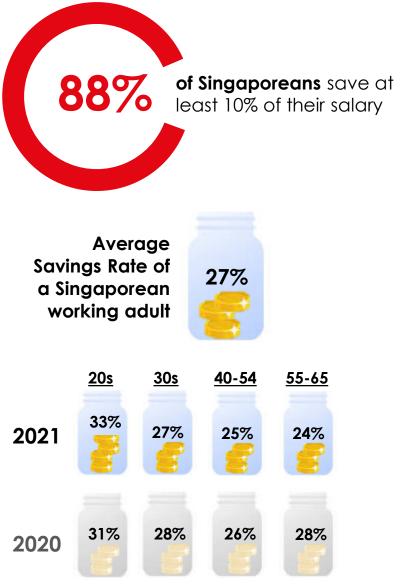
Women who are not investing find "investments too risky" and "do not know much about investing"

Singaporeans are scoring better in retirement, and more are choosing simpler lifestyles when they retire While retirement planning is back on Singaporeans' radar, it is still a neglected area

We continue to find that those who contribute regularly to their retirement plans are more on track in achieving their retirement goals

While more Singaporeans are choosing to retire with a lifestyle requiring ~\$2,300 per month, more are still underestimating the amount needed

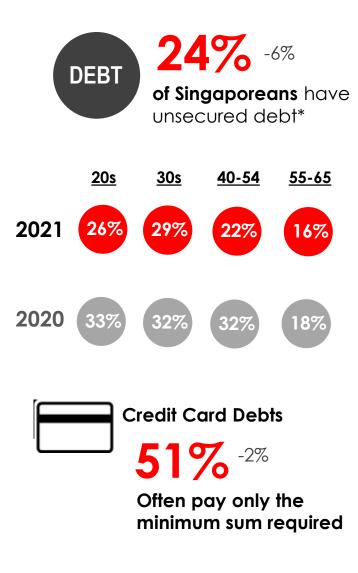
The Covid-19 pandemic and its resulting economic uncertainties has spurred Singaporeans to pay more attention to financial matters Singaporeans continue to be high savers; at the same time, fewer are committing undesirable financial habits



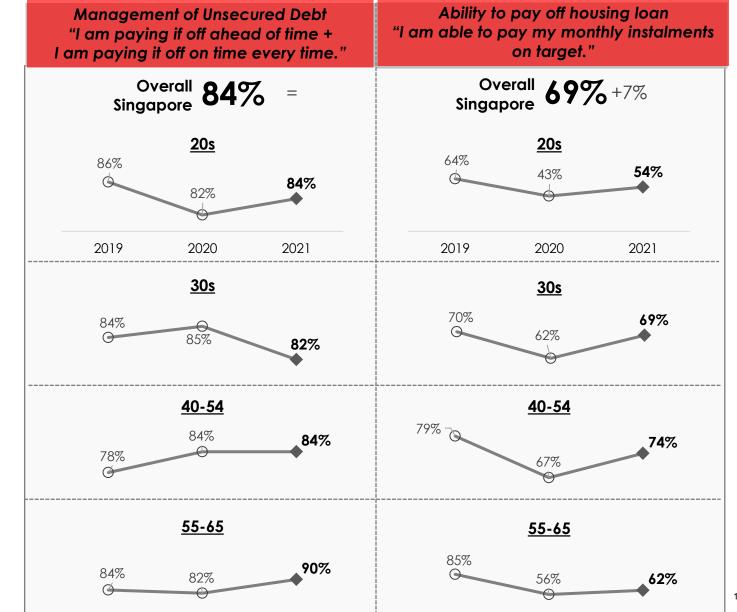
\*Percentage of monthly income set aside as cash savings

<u>20s</u>	<u>30s</u>	<u>40-54</u>	<u>55-65</u>							
	Stick to budget									
<b>71%</b> +2%	<b>71%</b> +2%	<b>69%</b> +2%	<b>72%</b> -2%							
SI	pend beyond mear	ns to keep up with pe	ers							
<b>12%</b> -3%	<b>20%</b> +1%	<b>13%</b> -2%	<b>10%</b> -6%							
	Borrow money from friends/family									
<b>9%</b> -3%	<b>11%</b> -5%	<b>5%</b> -4%	<b>3%</b> -4%							
	Investors who excessively speculate									
<b>35%</b> -4%	<b>31%</b> -12%	<b>25%</b> -8%	<b>17%</b> -11%							

#### Less have unsecured debt and more are better at debt management



\*Including credit card debt, personal line of credit, education loan, renovation loan (excludes housing loan)



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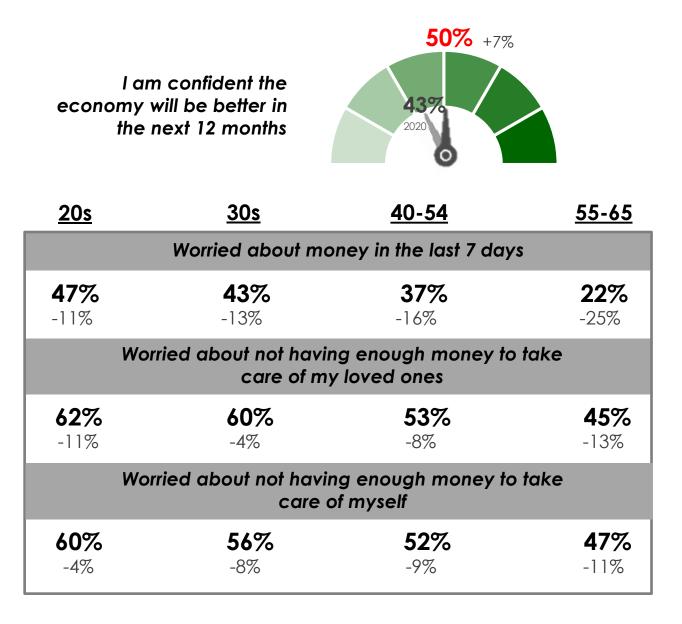
#### More are better prepared for rainy days and there is a greater sense of optimism

#### Started and meeting target + Started and exceeding target Accumulating at least 6 months of salary to overcome crisis 53% 51% 42% 2019 2020 2021 Being able to sustain financially for 6 months if jobless 54% 51% 52% 2019 2020 2021 Being able to meet family's financial needs for at least the next 1 year 48% 43% 41%

2020

2019

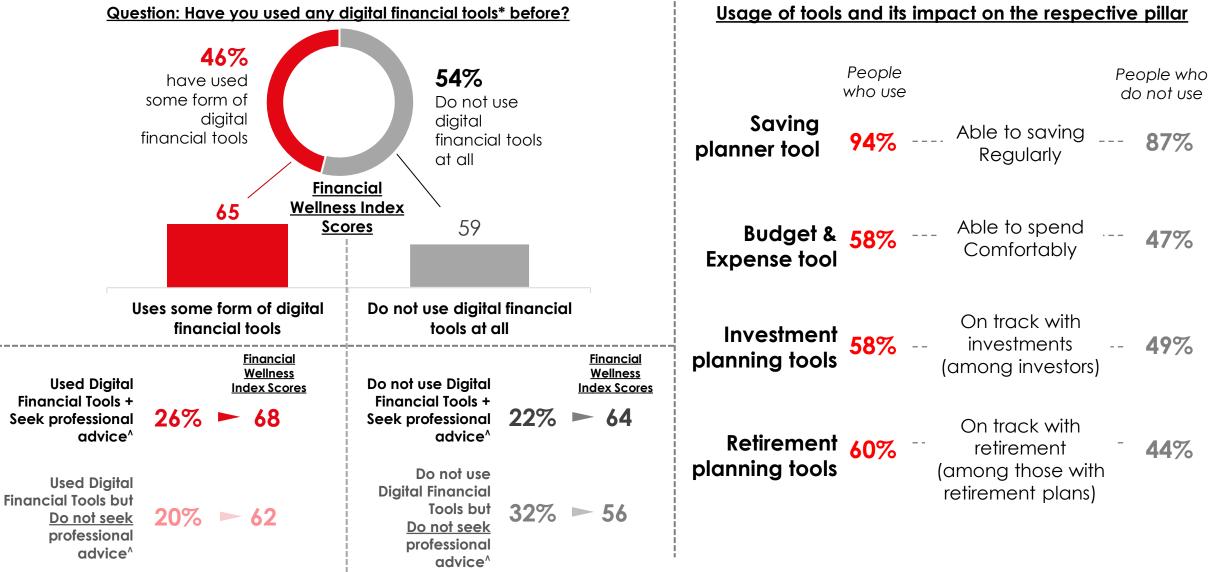
2021



### Close to half of Singaporeans use digital financial tools and achieve better Index scores than those who do not



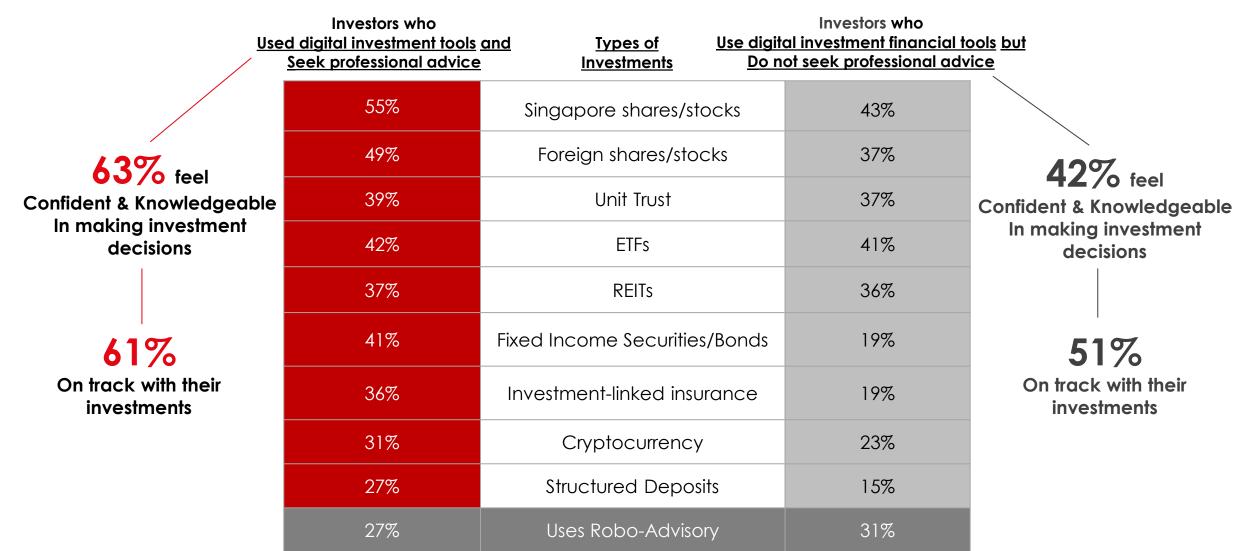
#### Those who used digital financial tools had a higher score than those who did not use any, but lower than those who coupled it with professional advice



\*Including any of Budget & expenses management tool, Debt management tool, Savings planner, Retirement amount calculator, Retirement goals planner & tracker, Children education calculator, Children education planner & tracker, Buying a new house calculator, Travel fund planner & tracker, Investment portfolio planner, Investment portfolio management tool

Ancluding seeking advice from any of Personal financial advisors, Bank analysts & advisors, Seminars held by financial institutions/ private organisation

Investors who use digital investment tools coupled with seeking professional financial advice potentially feel more confident & knowledgeable and are more on track with their investments



# Younger millennials are investing a lot more than before, and in a wider range of investments

Highest growth in investors among the 20s and they are investing in a wider range of investments

		1	<u>20s</u>	<u>30s</u>	<u>40-54</u>	<u>55-65</u>	
	of Singaporeans	Have Investments	<b>86%</b> +22%	<b>84%</b> +16%	<b>81%</b> +12%	<b>79%</b> +6%	
+13%	have investments	<u>Types of Investments</u>					
	,	Singapore shares/stocks	35%	42%	53%	60%	
		Unit Trust	26%	30%	33%	38%	
		Foreign shares/stocks	35%	34%	25%	20%	
Top Priorities	% Chosen as Top 3	Fixed Income Securities/Bonds	30%	27%	21%	25%	
Take care of my loyed		REITs	28%	29%	23%	18%	
Take care of my loved ones financially	53%	ETFs	35%	28%	21%	15%	
	<b>E 307</b> 1 007	Investment-linked insurance	17%	25%	26%	25%	
Grow my own wealth	<b>53%</b> +2%	Structured Deposits	12%	18%	18%	22%	
Plan for my retirement	<b>51%</b> +6%	Cryptocurrency	24%	21%	11%	6%	
-		Avg. no. of investment types	3	3.4	2.8	2.6	
		<b>Excessively</b> <b>speculate</b> Among investors	<b>35%</b> +4%	<b>31%</b> -12%	25% -8%	<b>17%</b> -12% <sub>22</sub>	

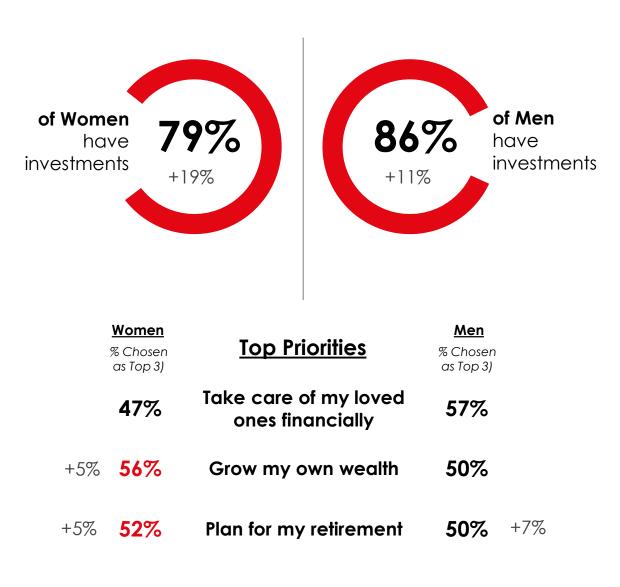
#### For Millennials in their 20s who seek professional financial advice and use digital financial tools – more of them are on track in meeting their investment target

	<u>20s</u>	<u>30s</u>	<u>40-54</u>	<u>55-65</u>		
	Sources of li	nvestment advice	and information f	<u>or investors</u>		
Online articles /forums	61%					
Family/ Friends	52%				Among investors in the are on track with inve	
YouTube	54%					
Financial Ms Advisor	30%				<b>58%</b> on track	with investments
					Do not use investment	Also use investment
Seminars	18%				tools	tools
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00					53%	64%
Bank Analysts	1 <b>9</b> %				On track with investments	On track with investments
				/		
	Think AI c	an make better iı	nvestment decisio	n than me		Use investment tools but DO NOT seek any
Ŷ	43%	40%	32%	26%		professional advice
	+1%	+1%	+1%	+1%		
$\mathbf{O}$	Use Robo-Advisory					45%
-			Advisory			On track with investments
	22%	16%	8%	<b>4</b> %	l	23

### More women are growing wealth for their own sake

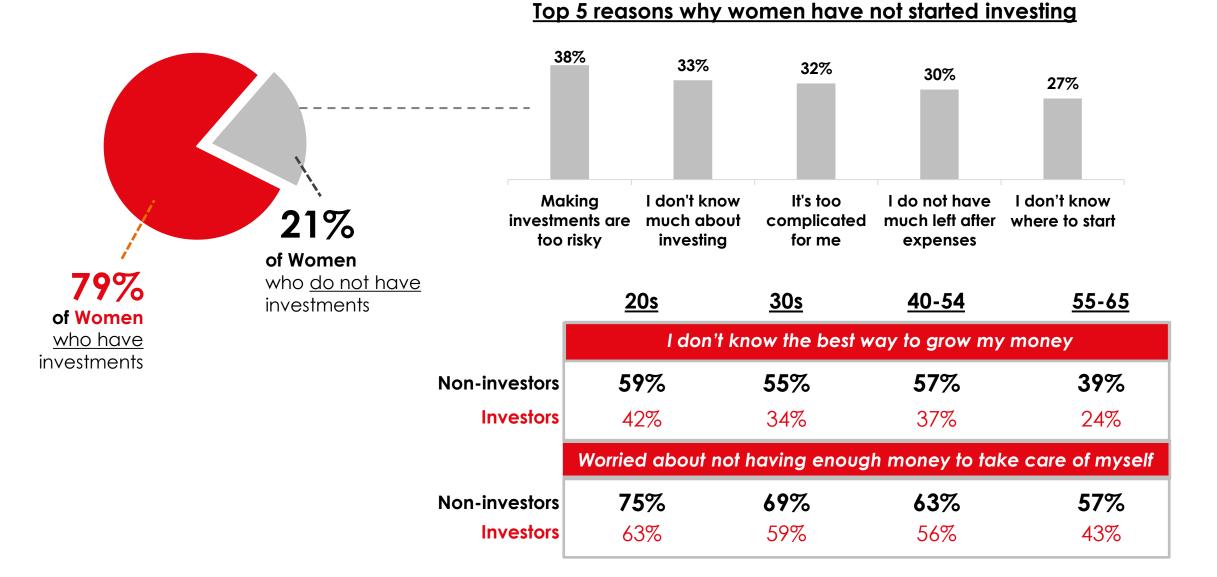


#### More women are investing and more are prioritising their own financial needs



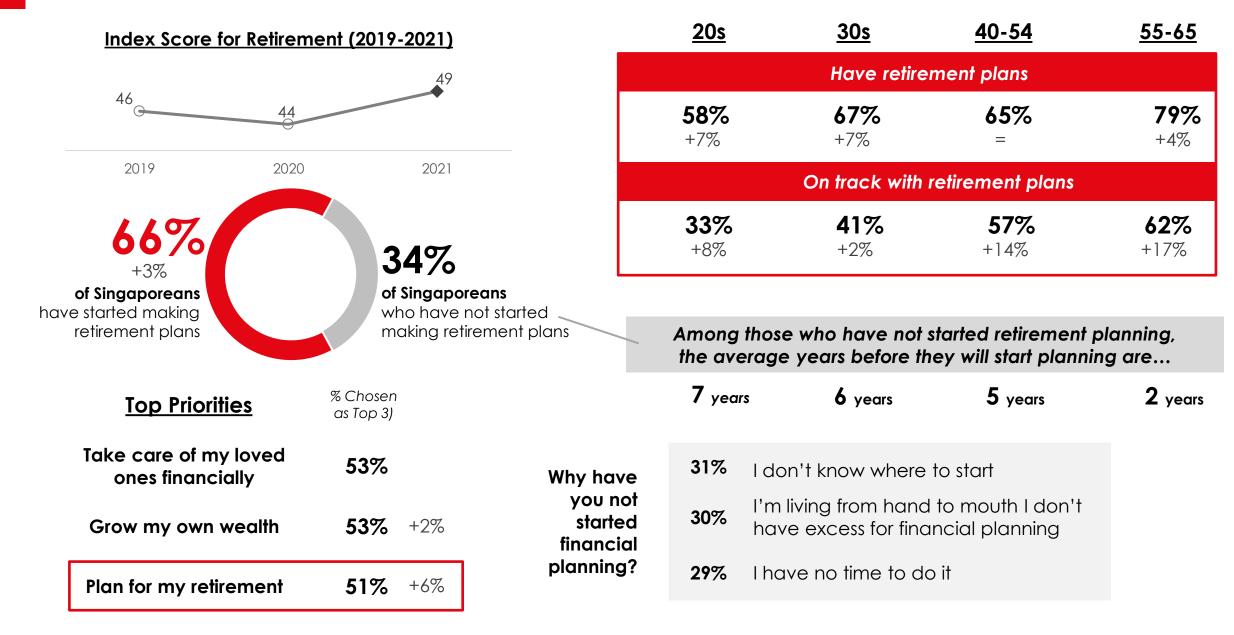
Women		Men	
-2% <b>40%</b>	Don't know the best way to grow their money	35%	+3%
-3% <b>35%</b>	Deem investing as gambling	33%	+3%
2.8	Avg. no. of types of investment product own	3.2	
Sources	of Investment advice and information f	or investor	<u>s</u>
54%	Online articles / forums	569	76
56%	Family / Friends	415	%
35%	YouTube	<b>47</b> 9	%
30%	Financial Advisors	309	%
24%	Seminars by FIs	275	%
20%	Bank Analysts	225	%

## Women who don't invest find "investments too risky" and "do not know much about investing"

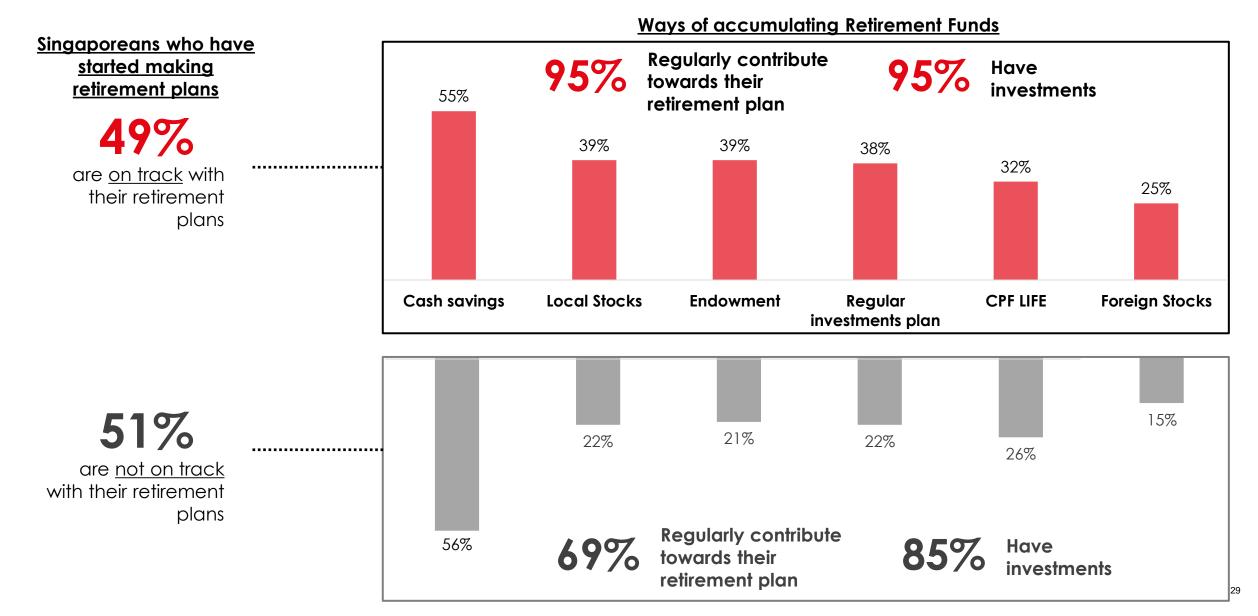


# Singaporeans are scoring better in retirement, and more are choosing simpler lifestyles for when they retire

#### While retirement planning is back on Singaporeans' radar, it is still a neglected area



#### We continue to find that those who contribute regularly to their retirement plans are more on track in achieving their retirement goals



#### We asked Singaporeans to choose their preferred retirement lifestyles

#### **Retirement Lifestyle A**

Eats at home, food courts & hawker centres

Owns & lives in a HDB property

Commutes via public mass transport

Medical consultation/ treatment at polyclinics and government hospitals

No domestic helper

Regional holidays 2 times a year e.g. Thailand, Hong Kong

#### **Retirement Lifestyle B**

Eats at food courts, hawker centres & mid-range restaurants

Owns & lives in a HDB property

Commutes via taxi or owns a midrange car

Medical consultation/ treatment at General Practitioner and government hospitals

Employs part-time domestic helper

Regional holidays 3 times a year e.g. Thailand, Hong Kong, Korea

#### **Retirement Lifestyle C**

Eats at mid-range & fine-dining restaurants

Owns and lives in private property

Owns a high-end car

Medical consultation / treatment at General Practitioners and private hospitals

Employs a full-time domestic helper

International holidays 2 times a year e.g. Europe, America

Enjoys lifestyle & wellness experiences



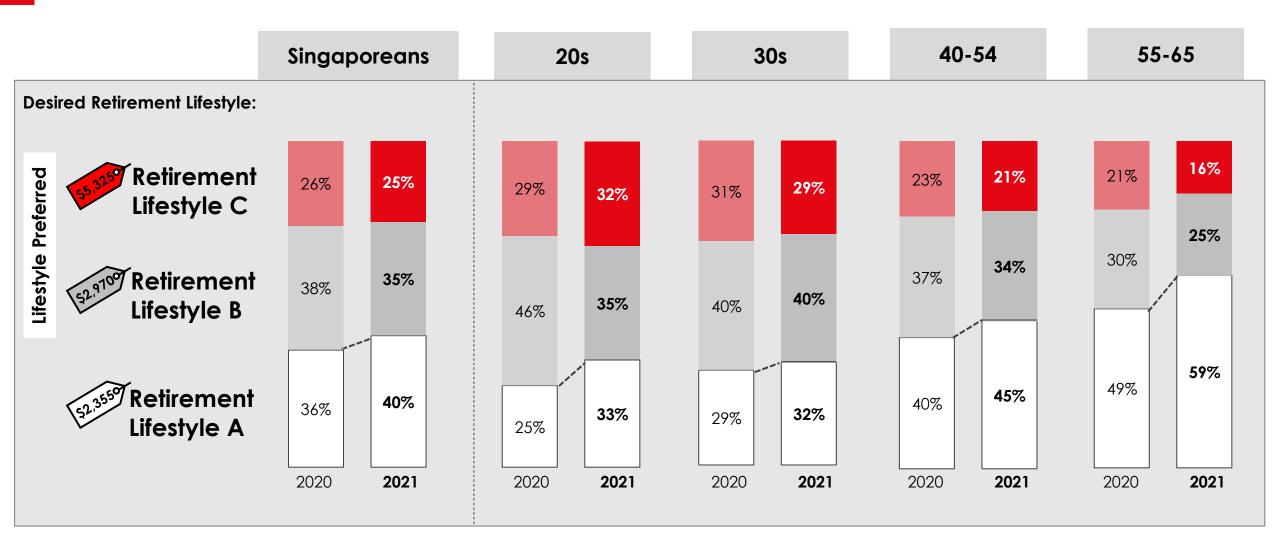
\$2,355



In today's value

In today's value

#### While slightly more Singaporeans are choosing a simpler retirement lifestyle...



...more are still underestimating the actual sum required for their ideal retirement lifestyles, but there are marginal signs of the gaps narrowing

	Proportion of Singaporeans who underestimated amount needed for their ideal retirement	On average, they underestimated by	I am worried about not having enough for my retirement	I am worried about not having enough money to take care of myself	
Among Singaporeans	2020 2021 78% <b>81%</b>	2020 2021 32% <b>31%</b>	<b>58%</b> -8%	<b>54%</b> -8%	
20s	83% <b>89%</b>	52% <b>46%</b>	<b>65%</b> -3%	<b>60%</b> -4%	
30s	78% <b>83%</b>	33% <b>32%</b>	<b>60%</b> -5%	<b>56%</b> -8%	
40-54	77% <b>78%</b>	27% <b>27%</b>	<b>56%</b> -11%	<b>52%</b> -9%	
55-65	79% <b>78%</b>	24% <b>23%</b>	<b>49%</b> -14%	<b>47%</b> -11%	